Exhibit F

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Northern Dis	strict of California
))) Civil Action No. 09-cv-2292 VRW)) (If the action is pending in another district, state where:) ESTIFY AT A DEPOSITION CUMENTS IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: Unnamed "Yes on 8" Ad Hoc Committee Member c/o James Bopp, Jr., BOPP, COLESON & BOST	r ROM, 1 South 6th St., Terre Haute, IN 47807
denosition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an	opear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a norganization that is <i>not</i> a party in this case, you must designate designate other persons who consent to testify on your behalf achment:
Place: GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP 555 Mission Street, Suite 3000 San Francisco, CA 94105-2933	Date and Time: 11/09/2009 09:30
The deposition will be recorded by this method	d: Both stenographically and by videotape.
electronically stored information, or objects, and material: See attached EXHIBIT A for list of requested documents	st also bring with you to the deposition the following documents, and permit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the sand electronically stored information.
The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this sattached.	ng to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are
Date: 10/26/2009 CLERK OF COURT	OR (M)
Signature of Clerk or Dep	uty Clerk Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the Kristin M. Perry, et al.	he attorney representing (name of party) Plaintiffs , who issues or requests this subpoena, are:
Ethan Dettmer (EDettmer@gibsondunn.com) GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP, 555 Mission Str T: (415) 393-8292; F: (415) 374-8444	eet, Suite 3000, San Francisco, CA 94105-2933

AO 88A (Rev. 01/09) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition or to Produce Documents in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 09-cv-2292 VRW

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

T	his subpoena for (name	of individual and title, if any)		
was receiv	ved by me on (date)			
_	I personally served t	he subpoena on the individual at	(place)	
	7	•		; or
	I left the subpoena a	t the individual's residence or us		
	•	, a p	erson of suitable age and discretion who	resides there,
01	n (date)	, and mailed a copy to the	e individual's last known address; or	
а	I served the subpoen	a on (name of individual)		, who is
d	lesignated by law to ac	ccept service of process on behal		
			on (date)	; or
	I returned the subpo	ena unexecuted because		; or
_	Other (specify):			
te \$		fees for one day's attendance, a	nd the mileage allowed by law, in the a	mount of
My fees a	ure \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
I Date:	declare under penalty	of perjury that this information	is true.	
			Server's signature	
			Ü	
			Printed name and title	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

(c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction — which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees — on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Sulpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- **(D)** Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).

EXHIBIT A

DEFINITIONS:

- 1. "You" and "your" mean the person identified in the Subpoena to which this Exhibit is attached. It includes all agents or representatives of that person.
- 2. "Proposition 8" means the proposition that was placed on the November 2008 ballot in the State of California and became known as "Proposition 8" for purposes of that election. No reference to "Proposition 8" shall be construed as limited by the date on which Proposition 8 received its official number ("8") or ballot title on the November 2008 California ballot.
- 3. "Document" shall be synonymous in meaning and equal in scope to the broadest meaning provided by Rule 34 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, including without limitation, hard copies, electronic documents, electronic or computerized data compilations, software, software images, or downloads. This term shall apply to documents, whether in hard copy or electronic form, on your computers or the computers of your agents or representatives, whether provided by you to such individuals or otherwise.
- 4. "Communication" means the transmittal of information in the form of facts, ideas, inquiries, thoughts, or otherwise, and without limitation as to means or method.
- 5. "Protect Marriage" means Proposition 8 Campaign Committee ProtectMarriage.comYes on 8, a Project of California Renewal.
- 6. The terms "any," "all," "each," and "every" should be understood in either their most or least inclusive sense as necessary to bring within the scope of the discovery request all responses that might otherwise be construed to be outside of their scope.
- 7. Each of the words "reflecting," "relating," "supporting," "concerning," "evidencing," and "referring" as used herein include the common meanings of all those terms, as well as indirect and direct references to the subject matter set forth in the document request.
- 8. The words "and" and "or" shall be construed conjunctively or disjunctively, whichever makes the request most inclusive.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. In producing documents and things, you are required to furnish all documents or things in your possession, custody, or control, or known or available to you, regardless of whether such documents or things are possessed directly by you or your agents, representatives, accountants, attorneys, investigators, and consultants.
- 2. All documents should be produced in the same order as they are kept or maintained by you in the ordinary course of business, or the documents should be organized and labeled to correspond to the categories of the documents requested below.
- 3. All electronically stored information should be produced in the same manner as it is kept in the ordinary course of business, or that information should be organized and labeled to correspond to the categories in these requests.
- 4. If you object to a portion or an aspect of a request, state the grounds for your objection with specificity. If any document called for by these requests is withheld because you claim that such information is protected under the attorney-client privilege, work product doctrine, or other privilege or doctrine, you are requested to so state, specifying for each such document its title, subject matter, sender, author, each person to whom the original or copy was circulated, recipients of copies, the persons present during the communication, the identity of the privilege being asserted, and the basis upon which the privilege is claimed.
- 5. If production of any portion of a document is required pursuant to these requests, produce the entirety of that document.
- 6. If any document cannot be produced in full, produce to the extent possible, specifying the reasons for your inability to produce the remainder and stating whatever information, knowledge, or belief you do have concerning the portion not produced.
- 7. Each request applies to the period from January 1, 2006 through and including the date of production.

REQUESTS:

1. All versions of any documents that reflect communications relating to Proposition 8 between you and those who (1) had any role in managing or directing ProtectMarriage.com or the

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Yes on 8 campaign, or (2) provided advice, counseling, information, or services with respect to the
efforts to encourage persons to vote for Proposition 8 or otherwise to educate persons about
Proposition 8, including its meaning, intent, effects if enacted, or effects if rejected; including
communications among and between any two or more of the following persons or entities:
Defendant-Intervenors, members of the "Yes on 8" campaign's Ad Hoc Committee, Frank
Schubert, Jeff Flint, Sonia Eddings Brown, Andrew Pugno, Chip White, Ron Prentice, Cheri
Spriggs Hernandez, Rick Ahern, Laura Saucedo Cunningham, Schubert Flint Public Affairs,
Lawrence Research, Bader & Associates, Bieber Communications, Candidates Outdoor Graphic
Service Inc., Cardinal Communication Strategies, Church Communication Network Inc., The
Monaco Group, Connell Donatelli, Message Impact Consulting, K Street Communications,
Marketing Communications Services, Sterling Corp, and JRM Enterprises.

2. All documents, including without limitation literature, pamphlets, flyers, direct mail, advertisements, emails, text messages, press releases, or other materials, that were distributed to voters or potential voters in coordination with Protect Marriage regarding Proposition 8.